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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 09/977,358 | 10/16/2001 | Rembert Pieper | 42521 | 3368 |
| 22878 AGILENT TE | 7590 08/10/200 CHNOLOGIES INC. | 7 | EXAMINER | |
| INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION, LEGAL DEPT. | | | VENCI, DAVID J | |
| MS BLDG. E I LOVELAND, | P.O. BOX 7599 . CO 80537 | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| , | | | 1641 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 08/10/2007 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| | Application No. | T A | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
| Office Action Summers | 09/977,358 | PIEPER ET AL. | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | David J. Venci | 1641 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION B6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION B6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting B7(a). In no event, however, | N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on July 3 | 3, 2007. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under E | x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4 | 53 O.G. 213. | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | • | | | | | |
| 4) ⊠ Claim(s) 32,52,62-69,84,85,88,89,104-107 and 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 32,52,62-69,84,85,88,89,104-107 and 7) ⊠ Claim(s) 111 is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | vn from consideration. 1.110-113 is/are rejected. | pplication. | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner | r. | 4 | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | |
| | · | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | • | | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other: | ate | | | | |

DETAILED ACTION

Examiner acknowledges Applicants' reply July 3, 2007. Currently, claims 32, 52, 62-69, 84-85, 88-89, 104-107 and 110-113 are pending.

Claim Objections

The amendment filed on July 3, 2007, does not comply with the requirements of 37 CFR 1.121(c) because Applicants have not provided an accurate marked up version of the amended claims. Specifically, claim 111 does not show the deleted word "three" and the added word "the". Appropriate correction is required.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112 - second paragraph

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 32, 52, 62-69, 84-85, 88-89, 104-107 and 110-113 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second

paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter

which applicant regards as the invention.

In claims 63 and 84, the claim preambles do not correspond to the method outcomes. Specifically, the

methods appear complete upon performance of "removing". The last step of "recovering" in each of

claims 63 and 84 appears extraneous.

In claim 84, the phrase "said first and second solid phase matrices" lacks antecedent basis.

In claim 104, the phrase "the particular proteins" lacks antecedent basis.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 32, 52, 62-69, 84, 88, 89, 104, 105 and 110-113 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Hutchens & Yip (US 6,225,047).

Hutchens & Yip describe a method for producing a modified sample, said method comprising:

(1) removing (see col. 36, lines 52-67, "extract") at least a first protein and a second protein (see col. 36, lines 52-67, "un-desired analytes") from a sample, said removing step comprising:

contacting the sample with an affinity binding composition (see col. 20, line 9, "solid phase") comprising:

- a plurality of receptor types (see e.g., col. 20, line 8, "adsorbent") having different protein binding specificities relative to each other (see e.g., col. 21, line 36, "Incremental or Gradient Adsorbent Surfaces"; see also, col.
 - 13, lines 52-53, "multiplex adsorbent"), each receptor type immobilized

on separate particles (see col. 20, lines 9-10, "polymeric or glass bead"), the particles present as a mixture in said affinity binding composition;

(2) recovering the modified sample (see col. 36, lines 52-67, "the finally collected wash is depleted of un-desired analytes").

Claims 62-64, 66, 84-85, 88-89, 104 and 110-113 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Rubenstein (US 5,879,881).

Rubenstein describes a method for producing a modified sample, said method comprising:

(1) removing (see e.g., col. 6, line 20, "capturing"; see also, line 35, "the capture") at least a first protein and a second protein (see e.g., col. 6, line 1, "at least two selected analytes"; see also, lines 20-21, "IgE antibodies"; see also, lines 35-36, "different ligands") from a sample, said removing step comprising:

contacting the sample with an affinity binding composition (see *e.g.*, col. 6, line 8, "porous matrix"; see *also*, line 19, "matrix"; see *also*, Fig. 4, matrix 10) comprising:

i. a plurality of receptor types having different protein binding specificities relative to each other (see e.g., col. 6, line 5, "different enzyme labeled antibodies"; see also, line 20, "panel of allergens"; see also, lines 35-36, "different receptor"), each receptor type immobilized on separate particles (see e.g., col. 6, line 7, "groups of microspheres"; see also, lines 15-16, "distinct groups of microspheres"; see also, line 34, "groups of

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microspheres"), the particles present as a mixture in said affinity binding composition;

(2) recovering the modified sample (see Fig. 6, "second absorbent member 38").

With respect to claim 85, Rubenstein describes a column (see Fig. 6) having a fluid inlet (see Fig. 6, "first porous member 14") and a fluid outlet (see Fig. 6, "second absorbent member 38").

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set

forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a

person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived

by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 62-64, 66, 84-85, 88-89, 104-107 and 110-113 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Ullman et al. (US 5,137,808) in view of Rubenstein (US 5,879,881).

Ullman et al. describe a method for producing a modified sample, said method comprising:

(1) removing (see Abstract, "capturing") at least a first protein and a second protein (see col. 20,

lines 32-44) from a sample, said removing step comprising:

contacting the sample with an affinity binding composition (see Fig. 1A, "immunosorbing

zone 84");

(2) recovering the modified sample (see Fig. 1A, "absorbent means 20"; see col. 16, lines 29-32).

Ullman et al. do not describe a plurality of receptor types having different protein binding specificities

relative to each other, each receptor type immobilized on separate particles, the particles present as a

mixture in said affinity binding composition.

However, Rubenstein describes a plurality of receptor types having different protein binding specificities

relative to each other (see e.g., col. 6, line 5, "different enzyme labeled antibodies"; see also, line 20,

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"panel of allergens"; see also, lines 35-36, "different receptor"), each receptor type immobilized on

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separate particles (see e.g., col. 6, line 7, "groups of microspheres"; see also, lines 15-16, "distinct groups

of microspheres"; see also, line 34, "groups of microspheres"), the particles present as a mixture in said

affinity binding composition.

It would have been obvious for a person of ordinary skill in the art to replace the affinity binding

composition of Ullman et al. with an affinity binding composition comprising a plurality of particles

because Rubenstein discovered that particle-based compositions "may enhance the contact between

receptor bound to the microspheres and the target ligand and permit effective washing during an assay

process" (see col. 5, lines 20-24). According to Rubenstein, persons of ordinary skill would have a

reasonable expectation of success because "Techniques for the coating or covalent binding of proteins to

microspheres... are well known to the art" (see col. 4, lines 59-61).

Response to Arguments

In prior Office Action, claims 32, 52, 62-69, 84, 89, 104 and 110-113 were rejected under 35

U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Stausbøl-Grøn et al., 391 FEBS LETTERS 71 (1996).

In response, Applicants amend independent claims 63 and 84 to now require that each solid phase matrix

"is a plurality of particles". Applicants' amendment is sufficient to overcome this rejection. Accordingly,

this rejection is withdrawn.

In prior Office Action, claims 32, 52, 62-69, 84, 88-89, 104 and 110-113 were rejected under 35

U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Payan (US 6,455,263). In addition, claims 32, 52, 62-69, 84-85,

88-89, 104-107 and 110-113 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Davies

(US 6,696,304) in view of Payan (US 6,455,263). Finally, claims 32, 52, 62-69, 84-85, 88-89, 104-107

and 110-113 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Davies (US 6,696,304) in

view of Fulwyler et al. (US 3,710,933).

In response, Applicants amend independent claims 63 and 84 to now require simultaneous:

(1) protein bound to solid phase matrixes; AND

(2) a modified sample "not bound by" solid phase matrix

Applicants' amendment is sufficient to overcome these rejections. Accordingly, these rejections are

withdrawn.

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Conclusion

No claims are allowable at this time.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action.

Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the

extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a). A shortened statutory period for reply to this final

action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is

filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed

until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a)

will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory

period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be

directed to David J. Venci whose telephone number is 571-272-2879. The examiner can normally be

reached on 08:00 - 16:30 (EST). If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the

examiner's supervisor, Long Le can be reached on 571-272-0823. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

David J Venci Assistant Examiner

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djv

CHRISTOPHER L. CHIN PRIMARY EXAMINER

GROUP 1800/641

Christal L. Chi

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